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DYSENTERY-ARKANSAS-MISSOURI.

Passed Asst. Surg. Ridlon reported July 22 that the dysentery outbreak in northeastern Arkansas and southeastern Missouri was subsiding. It will be difficult to ascertain how extensive the outbreak has been, as the disease is not notifiable, and most of the physicians do not keep case records, nor is the registration of deaths such as to give any useful information. The undertakers' records are also of little value in this connection.

The disease has been widespread in southeastern Missouri and northeastern Arkansas and probably few communities in this area have escaped. Statements of physicians indicate that the disease has also existed in near-by territory in Tennessee and Mississippi. It seems to be the experience of physicians that similar outbreaks of enterocolitis are of annual occurrence, usually beginning in May and extending into June. The outbreak this year is believed to be more severe than usual. Certain physicians in Dunklin County estimate that there have been several hundred cases, with probably 50 deaths, in the county. Measures have been taken to ascertain definitely the specific organism causing the outbreak.

MENINGOCOCCUS CARRIERS.

THEIR RECOGNITION AND TREATMENT.

The "meningococcus carrier" is an individual who harbors the meningococcus without exhibiting symptoms of meningitis. He is of importance to us at this time because of the prospective concentration in camps of a large number of young adults of a susceptible age. These young men are brought into intimate contact with one another and furnish ready material under conditions which have been shown to be favorable for the spread of epidemics of meningitis. The nasopharynx is the location in which the meningococcus is most frequently found, and is the site affected; a fact which is of practical importance in the dissemination of the organism. Here it flourishes,

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sometimes in great numbers, and probably is expelled by talking, sneezing, or coughing, or is mixed with the secretions of the nose and implanted, by indirect contact, on the mucous membrane of another individual.

Several careful analyses conducted during an epidemic and for a period of two or more years in the absence of an epidemic, have shown that meningococcus carriers are of widespread distribution among the general population, the numbers varying from 1 to 13 per cent of those examined. The higher of these figures has been found in the examination of troops quartered in barracks, except in one study to be referred to later. These analyses exclude those in whom there was a history of contact with a case of meningitis.

"Carriers" are of three general types: Individuals convalescent from an attack of epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis, or posterior basilar meningitis; "contacts" with a case of the disease; and persons who can not be shown to have had any previous contact with the disease. The second and third groups are frequently classed as one. These groups may be subdivided into temporary and persistent, or "chronic," carriers, dependent upon whether they exhibit cultures of meningococci for from a few days to three weeks, or for several weeks or months.

During the first week of convalescence the meningococcus is present in the nasopharynx of the patient in from 60 to 80 per cent of the cases, the number of those carrying the organism progressively decreasing with the convalescence; but in some series of cases there have been as many as 6 per cent positive after two months.

In convalescent cases the meningococcus in the nasopharynx is usually not accompanied by many contaminating organisms, and yields nearly pure cultures. In contacts, however, the number of meningococcus colonies developing from a swab varies, from two or three to a plate to an approximately pure culture.

The recognition of meningococcus carriers is difficult, chiefly because of the parasitic nature of the organism, and because of its very great sensitiveness to drying. Hence the technique adopted should provide for a rapid transfer of the material collected from the patient or contact to a medium which is moist, at approximately body temperature, and containing plasma or other animal fluid.

The collection of material from the nasopharynx is best accomplished with a sterile cotton swab, mounted on a piece of iron wire, which is bent for a half to three-quarters of an inch, at the swab end, through an angle of approximately 45°.

The swab is carried horizontally through the mouth to the pharynx, avoiding the buccal surfaces and the tongue; upon reaching the pharynx the swab is tilted upward, rotated across and against the posterior nasopharynx, and brought out through the mouth in a

horizontal position, but with the bent part pointing in the opposite direction to that in which it entered.

The buccal surfaces and secretions should be avoided because of the numerous contaminating organisms, many of which seem to be antagonistic to the growth of the meningococcus. The saliva also, probably, has an inhibitory effect on the meningococcus growth.

The avoidance of contamination from the mouth may be accomplished by the use of a West swab. This consists of a swab made as above, using a pliable wire, inserted in a metal or glass tube of about one-quarter inch diameter, bent as indicated for the swab. This tube shield is plugged with cotton, sterilized in dry heat or in the autoclave, and used by withdrawing the plugs, introducing through the mouth as above described, and when it reaches the pharynx, pushing the swab out past its end to make the sweep over the posterior nasopharynx, and drawing it back into the tube before withdrawing through the mouth.

Phonation by the patient frequently aids in making the swab of the posterior nasopharynx. The area swabbed should be the same as that covered by the curette in the removal of adenoid vegetations of the nasopharynx.

The material collected should be planted immediately on the media on which the organism is to be grown. The time elapsing between the collection of material and its implantation on media affects the results; the longer the time the poorer the results in obtaining cultures; even though the swabs be kept moist, there is a marked falling off in the success of cultivating the meningococcus.

The medium on which the material is planted should, preferably, be at body temperature, or but slightly below it, and should be incubated promptly at 35°-37° C. after sowing.

The medium should include some animal fluid, such as ascitic fluid, hydrocele fluid, blood serum, or laked blood. In the absence of such fluids, the addition of an extract of peaflour serves well.

A medium which has been found very satisfactory is made as follows:

To five parts of a nutrient, 2 per cent neutral agar, made of beef infusion, with 1 per cent glucose, is added at 50°-52° C. one part of sheep serum water (sheep serum, 1; water, 2). Neutrality is tested to phenolphalein.

The glucose agar is sterilized for one and a half hours in streaming steam. The sheep serum water is autoclaved for 15 minutes with 15 pounds pressure. The mixture of serum water and agar is made shortly before using, with aseptic technique. The tubes of the finished medium should be incubated previous to use, and should be kept moist at all times.

This medium is comparatively clear, and permits easy recognition of the colonies on the plate. It is well adapted to the growth of the meningococcus, so that visible colonies develop with six to eight hours' incubation, and colonies develop to two to three millimeter size overnight.

In the absence of sheep serum, an excellent medium can be made by the addition of laked rabbit, or human, blood to the agar above described. The blood is laked in distilled water, 1 part of blood to 4 of water, and added to the melted agar at 45° to 50° C., in the proportion of 1 part of laked blood in 6 to 10 parts of the agar. Rabbit-blood agar (1 part of blood in 20 of agar) affords a good growth, but has the disadvantage of being opaque, and masking the color of the colory as well as its structure.

The various serum agars are made by the addition of the animal fluid to the agar, in the proportion of from 1 to 5 to 1 to 20.

The English workers exhausted their supply of Witte's peptone, and, finding it difficult to get animal fluids, improvised a medium containing an extract of peaffour, added to a trypsinized meat agar.

The method of its manufacture, as given by Gordon, Hine, and Flack, is as follows:

Formula for Trypagar.

1. PEAFLOUR EXTRACT.

Take 100 grams of peaflour and add 1 liter of distilled water with 100 grams of salt. Mix and steam for one-half hour, stirring constantly. Allow to settle and filter, then sterilize and label "saline pea extract." This peaflour extract should preferably be freshly made for each batch of agar.

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2. TRYPSIN BROTH.

Take some fresh bullock's heart, free from fat and vessels, mince the meat very finely and weigh. To each one-half kilo add 1 liter of water and make faintly alkaline to litmus with 20 per cent KOH solution. Heat this slowly to 75° to 80° C. for 5 minutes. Cool to 37° C., add 1 per cent of liquor trypsinæ comp., and keep it at 37° C. for $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 hours. When trypsinizing is finished, test for peptone with copper sulphate and KOH, as below, then render slightly acid with glacial acetic acid, and bring slowly to the boil for one-fourth hour. Leave overnight in a cool place, and siphon off the clear liquid in the morning. Make faintly alkiline to litmus, and sterilize in an autoclave at 118° C. for 1 hour on each of 2 days (if not to be used at once).

TO MAKE TRYPAGAR.

Take a measured quantity of the trypsinized broth, add 2 per cent of agar fiber, and 0.125 grams of calcium chloride per liter. Autoclave at 118° C. for three-fourths hour to dissolve the agar. Mix together in a saucepan; titrate with N/10 KOH to give an absolutely neutral reaction. Cool to 60° C., add

¹ Gordon, Hine, and Flack. 1916. Brit. Med. Jour. No. 2916, p. 678.

white of two eggs beaten up with the crushed shells, autoclave again at 118° C. for 75 minutes (or in the steamer for 2 hours).

Filter, add to the filtrate 5 per cent of the sterile pea extract, and sterilize in the ordinary way.

BIURET REACTION FOR PEPTONE.

Take 5 cubic centimeters of broth, add 0.1 cubic centimeter of 5 per cent solution of CuSO₄, mix, and then add 5 cubic centimeters of normal NaOH. A true pink color indicates that trypsinization is sufficient; a blue-purple shade that it is incomplete.

PREPARATION OF FIBER AGAR.

Weigh out the required quantity, cut up small with scissors, place in a flask, and wash quickly, twice, in water. Drain thoroughly; add water just to cover, and put in glacial acetic acid, 2.5 cubic centimeters per liter of water. Mix thoroughly and leave for one-fourth hour. Pour off the liquid and wash thoroughly, four or five times, to make sure that all the acetic acid is washed out. Drain carefully and use as above.

Having grown the colonies overnight, they can be recognized by their lack of color, translucency, regularity of contour, uniformly granular structure, and ease of homogeneous suspension in salt solution.

The organism is Gram negative, exhibiting usually many "ghost," or "involution," forms in a young culture; the diplococcus form predominates, this arrangement showing even when fished from solid cultures.

The further identification of the organism can be divided into two stages—that for the immediate detention of a suspect carrier, and that for the definite identification of a carrier.

The first is accomplished by making an agglutination test on an 8 to 18 hour culture with a polyvalent antimeningococcus serum, controlled always in equal titer, with a normal serum, from an animal of the same species as that producing the antimeningococcus serum. The suspension of the meningococci should be sufficiently heavy to facilitate the reading of the test. A turbidity in the final dilution should, as a minimum, be equivalent to that of the typhoid vaccine made by the Army Medical School or the Hygienic Laboratory of the Public Health Service. This is equivalent to 500 parts per million of silica, made in accordance with the standard methods for turbidity determination in water analysis. This turbidity is usually obtained by suspending the overnight growth of a serum agar slant, seeded over the entire surface, in 2 to 5 cubic centimeters of saline solution, and using equal parts of the saline suspension and serum dilution to be tested. The agglutination should be carried out at 55° C. for a period of 12 to 20 hours.

The polyvalent serum should have a titer of at least 1 in 300 for control meningococci of various types.

Agglutination with the antimeningococcic serum in titer of 1 to 100, and the failure of agglutination in the normal serum at half this titer, are sufficient evidence on which to detain an individual as a carrier; but proof of the identity of the organism must be sought in order to avoid detaining those who are not carriers, since the agglutination test on meningococci is irregular and is not specific.

The second stage of identification is accomplished by fermentation tests on sugars.

A solid medium, such as the agar above described, but with a reaction of +0.2 to +0.5 and without the glucose, to which enough pure, sterile litmus solution is added to give a blue tint, serves as the most rapid differential base. The sugars to be selected are glucose, maltose, and mannose. The 10 per cent solutions of each of these should be sterilized in distilled water in the autoclave at 15 pounds pressure for 15 minutes (or better by heating in the Arnold sterilizer for half an hour at 100° C. on three successive days) and 1 cubic centimeter of the solution is then added to 10 cubic centimeters of the agar.

The reaction of the Gram negative organisms common to the nasopharynx is as follows:

[+ = Acid; - = No acid.]

	Glu- cose.	Mal- tose.	Man- nose.	11/2	Glu- cose.	Mal- tose.	Man- mose.
M. pharyngis siccus M. flavus I M. flavus II.	++	++	‡	M. flavus III	++	++-	+

Stock cultures of the meningococcus must be transferred every 48 hours in using serum media; but a 1 per cent cornstarch nutrient agar, of neutral reaction, sterilized for 15 minutes in the autoclave at 15 pounds pressure will preserve the organism at the top of a stab culture for a longer time, in event further work in differentiation is desired.

In the present state of our knowledge, the examination of all probable contacts with carriers or patients should be made. However, we do not know just what the value of this procedure is.

Mayer, Waldman, and Gruber 1 examined 9,000 men in barracks, when the garrisons were free from the disease, and found that the number of carriers in the different contingents varied from 2 to 8 per cent. Reexaminations of the various contingents showed more carriers in toto each time, but with wide fluctuations in the individual contingents. In one regiment, 1,900 men were examined dur-

¹ Mayer, Waldman, Fürst & Gruber. 1910. Münch. Med. Wehnschr. Vol. LVIII, p. 1584.

ing an epidemic, and the carriers isolated. This measure seemed to have no effect on the number of carriers or on the spread of the epidemic.

W. M. Scott¹ found that 13.7 per cent of 138 noncontacts, in an outpatient dispensary, carried organisms similar to meningococci. (Scott's agglutination tests were not controlled by normal serum.) On the other hand, there is circumstantial evidence to the effect that carriers are responsible for the dissemination of the disease, and that they in turn may develop the disease.

The treatment of such carriers is by isolation from contact with others in quarters, in the mess hall particularly, and in gatherings indoors. They should not be hospitalized, but should be kept in the open air, be well nourished, and given such exercise as will maintain a good physical condition. Occasionally, removal to another climate seems to clear up the condition quickly. They may be isolated in groups, but these groups should not be large, since carriers may develop the disease and infect other carriers, or may harbor meningococci which are virulent for the other individuals.

No reports of satisfactory results in treating the carrier by the use of sprays, swabs, or irrigation have been confirmed.

Gordon's method of the inhalation of chloramine vapors is in the experimental stage, though it has shown some promising results.

Summary.

A routine examination of probable contacts should be made by means of post nasal swabs.

The material can best be collected through the mouth by swabbing the posterior nasopharynx.

The swab should be immediately seeded on a recently prepared solid medium containing sheep serum or laked human, or rabbit, blood in from 5 to 10 per cent strength. The medium should be at body temperature when seeded, and incubated at this temperature for 12 to 20 hours.

To identify the organism, fish the colonies and stain by Gram's method, selecting those colorless, translucent colonies which yield a Gram negative coccus. Subculture such colonies on a slant of the serum agar and suspend the 8 to 18 hour growth in salt solution. Test the agglutination of the suspension against a polyvalent serum at 55° C. overnight.

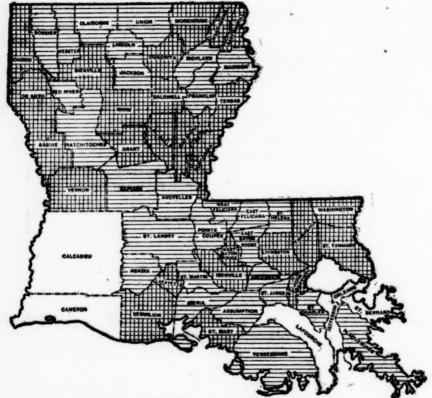
Continue the identification by sugar fermentation tests on glucose, maltose, and mannose.

Treat carriers by isolation from indoor contact with others and by general hygienic measures.

MALARIA IN LOUISIANA.

PREVALENCE AND GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION.

The periodical circularization of the physicians of Louisiana to determine the prevalence and geographic distribution of malarial infection in the State was begun May 1, 1914. At regular intervals reply postal cards were sent to the practicing physicians. These cards were at first sent out each month. Beginning April 1, 1915, they were sent out quarterly. A reproduction of the card used during



Relative prevalence of malaria in Louisiana, by parishes in proportion to the population, as indicated by the numbers of cases reported.

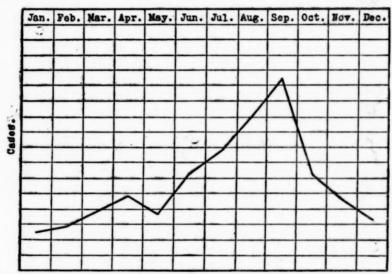
1915 and 1916 will be found on page 1128 of the Public Health Reports of the issue of July 20, 1917.

Of the cards sent to physicians less than 10 per cent of the total were returned. Presumably those returning the cards represented the better class of practitioners, those best able to understand the

¹The work of circularization and of compilation of the data on the return cards was carried on by the late Surg. R. H. von Ezdorf up to the time of his death in September, 1916. Since then it has been carried on by Asst. Surg. R. C. Derivaux and Asst. Surg. Gen. H. R. Carter.

value of the work and what was wanted. The number of cards sent out, the number of schedules returned, and the other results of the circularization are shown briefly in Table No. 1.

The return of the schedules by the physicians being a matter of voluntary cooperation, the data are undoubtedly reliable to an unusual degree as regards the experience of the physicians who cooperated and the number of cases seen by them. It is to be borne in mind, however, that the cases reported represent only those occurring in the practices of the physicians who cooperated. The total number of cases of malaria occurring in the practices of all the physicians of the State must have been many times greater, also the number of cases that occurred in which no physician was in attendance or consulted was probably much greater than the number coming under medical care.



Relative prevalence of malaria in Louisiana, by months, as indicated by the numbers of cases reported.

The physicians who cooperated were distributed as to locality throughout all sections of the State, so that the data of the occurrence of malaria furnished by them show the geographic distribution of the disease and reasonably accurately its relative prevalence in the various localities.

The cases reported throughout the State by months are shown in Table No. 2. The relative numbers of cases reported by months are shown in the above chart.

The number of cases reported from the several parishes of the State are given by race and year in Table No. 3.

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The map on page 1182 shows the relative prevalence of the disease in the several parishes of the State, the heavier shaded parishes being those in which the infection is heaviest, the unshaded parishes those in which the infection is lightest, as indicated by the numbers of cases reported. The relative density of infection was determined by ascertaining the number of cases reported in each parish from May 1, 1914, to the end of the calendar year 1916 per 1,000 population. The population used was that of the 1910 census, it being impracticable to estimate populations for the period of the circularization.

The types of malarial infection reported to have been diagnosed microscopically are shown in Table No. 4. It will be noted that tertian infection was reported to have been so diagnosed in 47 parishes, quartan in 17 parishes, and estivo-autumnal in 34 parishes. The total number of parishes in the State is 64.

By Table 5 it will be noted that hemoglobinuric fever was reported in 5 parishes.

Table 1.—Results of circularization of practicing physicians.

Period.	Inquiry cards sent to physi- cians.	Replies received.	Percent- age of replies.	Parishes repre- sented in replies.	Parishes not heard from.	Cases of malaria reported.
1914. May to December	19,981	1,603	8.02			13,016
January to March. April to June. July to September. October to December.	7,500 2,070 2,070 2,070 2,070	692 320 191 191	9. 23 15. 46 9. 23 9. 23	63 60 49 49	2 5 16 15	1,456 2,754 5,133 3,249
1916, January to March	2,070 2,070 2,070 2,070 2,070	142 128 188 136	6. 86 6. 18 9. 08 6. 57	55 48 47 44	9 16 17 20	2,239 3,178 7,040 2,450

Table 2.—Cases of malaria reported by months.

Year.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1914 1915 1916	415 578	574 577	467 1,084	1, 252 668	659 493 967	1,009	1, 180	1.579	2,291 2,374 2,612	1,439	704 1,070 789	584 740 572

Table 3.—Cases reported by parishes, by years, and by color.

	May 1	to Dec.	31, 1914.	Cale	ndar yea	r 1915.	Cale	ndar year	1916,
Parish.	White.	Col- ored.	Com- bined.	White.	Col- ored.	Com- bined.	White.	Col- ored.	Com- bined.
Acadia	205	3	208	152		152	330	7	33
Allen	325	173	498	313	271	584	370	265	63
Ascension	110	43	153	131	9	140	112	145	25
Assumption	41	38	79	39	6	45	11	- 6	1
Avoyelles	162	41	203	106	1	107	73	74	14
Beauregard	115	20	135	146	48	194	83	41	12
Bienville	144	49 82	193 109	251	168 32	419	50	61	11
Bossier	27 275	285	560	65 394	632	97	3	16 613	1 11
Zaddo	56	27	83		26	1,026	479	30	1,093
Caldwell	179	90	269	63	53	89 102	14 23	17	4
ameron	110	30	209	43	99	102	20	31	31
Catahoula	65	31	96	23	******	92	161	160	330
laiborne	34	15	49	16	14	23 30	61	90	151
Concordia	190	353	543	9	67	76	87	184	271
De Soto	400	348	748	421	279	700	446	254	700
Cast Baton Rouge	95	52	147	80	21	101	266	198	464
Cast Carroll	50	106	156	58	109	167	31	102	133
East Feliciana	84	94	178	76	57	133	96	102	198
Evangeline	131	39	170	14	1	15			***
ranklin	67	37	104	11	3	14	20	11	31
raut	460	234	694	191	121	315	11		11
beria	85	51	136	14	1.4	28	262	206	468
berville	180	148	328	317	149	466	251	116	367
ackson	88	46	134	123	78	201	12	6	18
efferson	8	3	11	3	2	5	14		14
efferson Davis	121	18	139	110	9	119	101	40	141
a Salle	118	2	120	65	81	149	112	61	176
afayette	192	101	293	235	86	321	360	137	497
afourche	36	13	49	10	4	14	1		1
inçoln	115	35	150	182	98	280	38	10	48
ivingston	335	56	391	177	57	234	235	63	298
fadison	58	103	161	9 .	11	16	*******		
forehouse	195	184	379	301	472	773	669	852	1.521
atchitoches	256	95	351	103	46	149	57	42	99
rleans	363	117	480	427	152	579	115	53	168
uachita	323	220	543	205	132	337	206	363	569
laquemines	28	29 81	57	29 29	63	92		4	4
ointe Coupee	62		143	99	14	43	113	136	249
apides	228 37	90	341 127		30	129	103	89	192
Red River	34	31		1 45	16	61	97	40	
ichland	50	33	65 93	213			27 168	42	09
abinet. Bernard	4	-30	4	210	71	284	100	43	211
t. Charles	16	34	50	11	18	29	24	32	56
t. Heiena	40	19	59	53	16	69	37	15	59
t, James	135	100	235	28	27	55	45	121	166
t. John the Baptist	63	75	138	117	124	241	108	131	239
. Landry	80	45	125	85	57	142	91	66	157
Martin	94	72	166	148	87	235	116	96	212
t. Mary	47	33	80	164	149	313	450	276	726
. Tammany	103	63	166	137	198	335	101	108	209
angipahoa	104	92	196	202	106	308	437	238	675
ensas	27	569	596	77	89	166	97	181	278
errebonne	118	63	181	47	24	71	21	1	22
nion	74	35	109	156	184	340	24	10	34
ermilion	254	33	287	245	20	265	411	52	463
ernon	107	57	164	217	110	327	260	207	467
Vashington	68	38	101	149	121	270	90	84	174
ebster	104	106	210	26	24	50	63	65	128
est Baton Rouge	56	83	139	72	166	238	12	45	57
est Carron	13	3	16	102	139	241	120	52	172
est Feliciana	2	1	3	28	34	62	11	23	34
inn	70	55	125	14	11	25	263	101	364
Total	7,716	5,300	13,016	7,379	5,213	12,592	8,352	6,555	14,907

Table 4.-Types of infection reported diagnosed microscopically by parishes, May to December, 1914.

Parish.	Tertian.	Quartan.	Estive- autum- nal.	Parish.	Tertian.	Quartan.	Estivo- autum- nal.
Acadia	2	+	+	Natchitoches	8	+	10
Allen	24	2	5	Orleans 1	54	+	37
Ascension	10	+	4	Ouachita	158	2	129
Assumption	+	+	+	Plaquemines	9		3
A vovelles	+	1 + 1	+	Pointe Coupee	+	+	
Beauregard	. 6	1	+	Rapides	26	1	22
Bienville	+	+	+	Red River	+	+	7
Bossier	+	+	+	Richland	4	+	2
Caddo	42	6	24	Sabine	3	10	4
Calcasieu	3	+	3	St. Bernard	2	1	. 1
Caldwell	16	10	+	St. Charles			4
Catahoula	+	2	+	St. Helena	4		+
Claiborne	‡	+	+	St. James	22	11	2
Concordia	45	15	15	St. John the Bap-			
De Soto	50	1	31	tist 2	+	+	+
East Baton Rouge.	17		5	St. Landry	5	+	3
East Carroll	2	3	4	St. Martin	55	++++	+
East Feliciana	35		23	St. Mary	8	+	2
Evageline	+	+	+	St. Tammany	10	+	1
Franklin	2	+	+	Tangipahoa 3	20	2	5
Frant	+	1 + 1	+	Tensas	23	6	3
beria	+			Terrebonne			2
berville	19	+	5	Union	1	+	+
ackson	7	+	+	Vermilion	20	1	3
efferson	2			Vernon	12	15	+
efferson Davis	29	+	1	Washington	4	+	8
a Salle	10	+	2	Webster	+	+	
afavette	103	+	19	West Baton Rouge.	13	+	1
afourche	8	+	+ 1	West Carroll	+		+
incoln	8		+	West Feliciana	+		
ivingston	175	+	+	Winn	+		
dadison	55		14				
Morehouse	9	+	+	Total	1,187	89	404

125 confirmed but type not stated.
 20) confirmed but type not stated.
 30 confirmed but type not stated.

The figures indicate the numbers of cases diagnosed microscopically.

The sign + indicates that cases were reported, but the diagnosis was not confirmed by the microscope. This information was collected during 1914 only.

Hemoglobinuric fever reported, 1916.

Parish.	Period.	Cases.
Caddo De Soto.	Third quarter.	
Derville. West Carroll	do	
St. Landry	Fourth quarter	

MEASLES.

RECORDED PREVALENCE BY STATES, 1916.

The table which follows shows the recorded prevalence of measles in the several States during the calendar year 1916. The data were furnished by the health departments of the respective States.

Measles Reported During the Calendar Year 1916.

State.	Cases re- ported.	Deaths regis- tered.		Indicated death rate per 1,000 inhabit- ants.	Indicated fatality rate per 100 cases.	Esti- mated popula- tion July 1, 1916.
Alabama	219	3	0.094	0,001	1.37	2, 332, 608
Arizona	94	0	. 368	0,001	1.01	255, 544
California	4, 268	41	1, 452	.014	.96	2, 938, 654
Colorado	4, 148		4, 312			962,060
Connecticut	10, 426	139	8,378	.112	1, 33	1, 244, 479
District of Columbia	2,642	6	7, 259	. 016	. 23	363, 980
Hawaii	1,614	131	7, 481	.607	8.12	215, 741
Indiana	22,765	204	8,082	.072	. 90	2, 816, 817
Iowa.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	218		.098		2, 220, 321
Kansus	13, 836	158	7.563	. 086	1.14	1,829,545
Louisiana	4,037	13	2, 207	.007	. 32	1,829,130
Maine	1.342		1.737			772, 489
Maryland	14,670	106	10, 765	.078	.72	1, 362, 807
Massachusetts	25, 460	388	6, 846	. 104	1.52	3, 719, 156
Michigan	10,744	344	3, 517	.113	3, 20	3,054,854
Minnesota	19,480	254	4. 159	.111	2.68	2, 279, 603
Mississippi	1,691	13	. 866	. 007	.77	1,951,674
Montana	3,300	11	7.182	. 024	. 33	459, 494
New Jersey		344		. 117		2,948,017
New York	67,010	913	6, 523	. 089	1.36	10, 273, 375
Ohio	53,966		10, 478			5, 150, 356
Oregon	1,790	10	2.142	. 012	. 56	835, 741
Pennsylvania	99, 424		11.667			8, 522, 017
Rhode Island	2,133	134	3.472	. 218	6, 28	614, 315
South Carolina	1,850	25	1.144	. 015	1.34	1,625,475
Texas		63		. 014		4, 429, 566
Vermont	2,548	25	7.006	. 069	.98	363, 699
Virginia	25,964	400	11.845	. 182	1.54	2, 192, 019
Washington	16,924	78	11.031	. 051	.46	1,534,221
	10,822		7.808			1,386,038
Wisconsin	16, 153	172	6.460	.009	1.06	2,500,350
Wyoming	552	2	3.074	.011	. 36	179, 559

¹ The health officer states that cases are known not to be completely reported.

PREVALENCE OF DISEASE.

No health department, State or local, can effectively prevent or control disease without knowledge of when, where, and under what conditions cases are occurring.

UNITED STATES.

CURRENT STATE SUMMARIES.

California Report for the Week Ended July 21, 1917.

The California State Board of Health reported concerning the status of preventable diseases in California for the week ended July 21, 1917, as follows: Nine cases of cerebrospinal meningitis were reported, 8 of these in San Diego County and 1 in San Francisco city. Scarlet fever showed an increase; 56 cases, scattered widely over the State, were reported. Typhoid fever was reduced; 35 cases were reported, mostly from rural districts. One case of poliomyelitis was reported in Berkeley. Of diphtheria, Los Angeles and San Francisco both showed increases, with 24 cases reported in the State. An outbreak of paratyphoid fever occurred in Sausalito, Marin County.

The details of notifiable disease cases reported during the week ended July 14, are as follows:

Cerebrospinal meningitis	9	Pneumonia	19
Chicken pox		Ophthalmia neonatorum	
Diphtheria		Scarlet fever	
Erysipelas		Smallpox	
German measles		Syphilis	21
Gonococcus infection	21	Tetanus	
Leprosy	1	Trachoma	1
Malaria	10	Tuberculosis	99
Measles	165	Typhoid fever	54
Mumps	81	Whooping cough	47

(1188)

RECIPROCAL NOTIFICATION.

Minnesota.

Cases of communicable diseases referred during May, 1917, to other State health departments by department of health of the State of Minnesota.

Disease and locality of noti- fication.	Referred to health authority of-	Why referred.
Diphtheria: Minneapolis Health Department, Hennepin County.	Chicago, Cook County, Ill.; Adjutant General's office, headquarters Central Department, Chicago.	Boy 9, developed diphtheria en route from California to Minnesota. Exposed 4 chil- dren of officer of Regular
	Kalamazoo, Mich., R. F. D. No. 2; Kalamazoo County.	Army en route to Chicago. Transient left Minnesota for Michigan before it was known that his throat culture
Cannon Falls, Goodhue County.	Farm 5 miles from Windsor, Stutsman County, N. Dak.	showed diphtheria bacilli. Patient broke quarantine and went from Minnesota to North Dakota.
Minneapolis Health De- partment, Hennepin County.	Sparta R. F. D. No. 1, Monroe County, Wis.	Patient developed diphtheria on arrival home after scend-
	Weyerhauser, Rusk County, Wis	ing vacation in Wisconsin. Patient developed diphtheria after attending funeral of brother-in-law who died after having a tonsillar abscess opened; case diagnosed as tonsillitis.
Smallpox: Minneapolis Health De- partment, Hennepin	Davenport, Scott County, Iowa	in Minneapolis went home to
County.	Huron, Beadle County, S. Dak	Iowa. Patient exposed to smallpox in South Dakota developed dis- ease in 4 days after arrival in
Special notification of persons exposed to vir- ulent smallpox at St. Mary's Hospital, Du- luth.	Nevada, Story County, Iowa; Kenton, Houghton County, Mich.; Ironwood, Gogebic County, Mich.; South Range, Houghton County, Mich.; Ashley, Me- Intosh County, N. Dak.; Grafton, Walsh	Minnesota. 29 persons discharged from St. Mary's Hospital Apr. 22- June 15 returned to homes outside of State.
	Nevada, Story County, Iowa; Kenton, Houghton County, Mich.; Ironwood, Gogebic County, Mich.; South Range, Houghton County, Mich.; Ashley, MeIntosh County, N. Dak.; Lake Nebagamon, Douglas County, Wis.; Superior, Douglas County, Wis.; Superior, Douglas County, Wis.; Superior, Douglas County, Wis.; Itasca, Douglas County, Wis.; Itasca, Douglas County, Wis.; Itasca, Douglas County, Wis.; Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis.; Hayward, Sawyer County, Wis.; Froderic, Polk County, Wis.; Plover, Portage County, Wis.; Stone Lake, Sawyer County, Wis.; Stone Lake, Sawyer County, Wis.; Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada (2 persons).	
Tuberculosis: Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Olmsted County.	Redlands, San Bernardino County, Cal.; Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colo.; Kewanee, Henry Caunty, Ill.; Fultan, White-side County, Ill.; Indiana Harbor, Lake County, Ind.; Gary, Lake County, Ind.: Dakotah, Humboldt County, Iowa; Atchison R. F. D., Atchison County, Kans.; Kansas City. Jackson County,	9 advanced; 4 moderately advanced; I far advanced; I apparently arrested; I diagnosis not given; cases left Mayo Clinic for homes.
Pokegama Sanatorium, Pine County.	Mo.; New Rockford, Eddy County, N. Dak.; Marietta, Washington County, Ohio; Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis.; Janesville, Rock County, Wis.; Cumberland, Barron County, Wis.; Denzel, Saskatchewan, Canada; Port Arthur, Ontario, Canada. Estherville, Emmet County, Iowa; Wooldridge, Valley County, Mont.; Grand Forks, Grand Forks County, N. Dak.; Kildeer, Dunn County, N. Dak.; Parshall, Mountrail County, N. Dak.; Minot, Ward County, N. Dak.; Denzel, Saskatchewan, Canada. (Reported also by Mayo Clinic.)	3 far advanced; 2 open cases; 1 moderately advanced; 1 diag- nosed negative, improved; cases left Pokegama Sanato- rium for homes.

1190 RECIPROCAL NOTIFICATION—Continued.

Minnesota-Continued.

Cases of communicable diseases referred during May, 1917, to other State health departments by department of health of the State of Minnesota—Continued.

Diseases and locality of noti- fication.	Referred to health authority of—	Why referred.
Tuberculosis—Continued. St. Paul Bureau of Health, Ramsey County.	Bear Creek, Outmagle County, Wis.; Wausau, Marathon County, Wis.	2 open cases moved from Min- nesota to Wisconsin.
Typhoid fever: Two Harbors, Lake County.	United States Public Health Service; Con- neaut, Ashtabula County, Ohio.	Working as fireman on Great Lakes steamship 3 weeks pre- vious to first symptoms. Ill in Minnesota; home in Ohio,
Duluth Health Depart- ment, St. Louis County.	United States Public Health Service	Worked as seaman on ship Castalia, plying Great Lakes, 3 weeks previous to first symptoms.
Columbia Heights, Anoka County.	Norma, Renville County, N. Dak	Visiting friends in North Da- kota 3 weeks previous to first symptoms.
Minneapolis Health De- partment, Hennepin County.	Farm near Max, McLean County, N. Dak.	
St. Paul Bureau of Health, Ramsey County.	Spooner, Washburn County, Wis	Lived at Spooner, Wis., 3 weeks previous to first symptoms.

ANTHRAX.

Kansas-Reno.

During the month of June, 1917, one case of anthrax was reported in Reno, Hutchinson County, Kans.

New Jersey.

During the month of June, 1917, two cases of anthrax were reported in the State of New Jersey.

CEREBROSPINAL MENINGITIS.

Massachusetts.

During the week ended July 14, 1917, new cases of cerebrospinal meningitis were notified in Massachusetts as follows: Boston 3, Haverhill, Malden, New Bedford, and Pittsfield, 1 each.

State Reports for June, 1917.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Kansas: Jewell County— Formosa (R. D.). Reno County— Hutchinson Wyandotte County— Kansas City Total	1 1 3 5	Louis.ana: Ascension Parish Minnesota: Brown County— Stark Township Cass County— Bena Crow Wing County— Brainerd Riverton.	1 1

CEREBROSPINAL MENINGITIS—Continued.

State Reports for June, 1917-Continued.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Minnesota—Continued. Faribault County— Joe Davis Township Hennepin County— Minneapolis. Bloominaton Township Martin County— Rutland Township Waverly Township Mower County— Austin Ramsey County— St. Paul White Bear Township Renville County— Wang Township Stearns County— St. Cloud St. Louis County— Duluth Virginia Total New Jersey: Atlantic County Essex County Essex County Union County.	1 1 7 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 36	Ohio: Clermont County Coshocton County- Coshocton. Cuyahoga County. Franklin County- Columbus. Guernsey County- Cambridge Hamilton County Lucas County- Toledo Mahoning County. Medina County. Medina County. Dayton. Pickaway County. Portage County. Stark County. Total. South Pakota: Turner County.	1 23 2 1 4 2 9 1 1 1 1 3 2 6 1

Oregon Report for May, 1917.

During the month of May, 1917, 1 case of cerebrospinal meningitis was reported at Portland, Multnomah County, Oreg.

City Reports for Week Ended July 7, 1917.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Baltimore, Md	1		Little Rock, Ark	2	
Boston, Mass Bridgeport, Conn Butte, Mont.	1 3 1	3 1	New Britain, Conn New Haven, Conn	1	
Canton, Ohio	7	1	New York, N. Y Northampton, Mass Philadelphia, Pa	5	
Cleveland, Ohio	3	i	Pittsburgh, Pa Pittsfield, Mass Providence, R. I	7	
Duluth, Minn Elizabeth, N. J	1 2		Racine, Wis	2	
El Paso, Tex		i	St. Paul, Minn. Salt Lake City, Utah San Diego, Cal.	2	
Hartford, Conn		3	San Francisco, Cal Saginaw, Mich	1	*******
Kansas City, Mo.	i		Zanesvine, Onio	********	

DIPHTHERIA.

See Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 1205.

ERYSIPELAS.

City Reports for Week Ended July 7, 1917.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Allentown, Pa Boston, Mass			Milwaukee, Wis Newark, N. J.	2 3	
Brockton, Mass Buffalo, N. Y	1	·····i	New York, N. Y Philadelphia, Pa	6	
Chicago, Ill	8 2		Providence, R. I	4	
Cleveland, Ohio	4 2		Rochester, N. Y	8	
Denver, Colo	2		St. Paul, Minn San Diego, Cal.	1	
Detroit, Mich Duluth, Minn	1		San Francisco, Cal	2	
Kansas City, Mo	1		Schenectady, N. Y	1	

LEPROSY.

Louisiana-Burtville-East Baton Rouge Parish.

Collaborating Epidemiologist Dowling reported that during the month of June, 1917, one case of leprosy was notified at Burtville, East Baton Rouge Parish, La., in the person of F. J., a colored male, about 55 years old.

MALARIA.

State Reports for June, 1917.

Place.	New cases reported.	· Place.	New cases reported.
Kansas: Butler County—		Louisiana—Continued.	
Douglas	1	Plaquemines Parish	1
Crawford County— Pittsburg	1	Pointe Coupee Parish	
Geary County— Junction City	1	Richland Parish	
Leavenworth County-		St. Chaeles Parish	1 2
Montgomery County—	1	St. John Parish	16
Coffeyville	1	St. Landry Parish St. Martin Parish	1
Total	5	St. Mary Parish St. Tammany Parish	1 2
Lonisiana:		Tangipahoa Parish Union Parish	1
Acadia Parish	22	Vermilion Parish	41
Allen Parish	6 5	Vernon Parish	2
Avovelles Parish	1	West Carroll	4
Beauregard Parish	1 3	West Feliciana Parish	1
Claiborne Parish	3	Total	213
Concordia Parish De Soto Parish	3	New Jersey:	
East Carroll Parish	19	Burlington County Essex County.	3
Jackson Parish	2	Hudson County	i
Jefferson Davis ParishLafavette Parish.	6 2	Monmouth County	2
Lincoln Parish	5	Somerset	8
Livingston Parish	1 2	Sussex	1
Natchitoches Parish	5	Total	22

MALARIA-Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended July 7, 1917.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Birmingham, Ala	14		New Orleans, La	1	i

¹ The reason that Birmingham had so many more cases of malaria reported than any other city is not that the disease is more prevalent in Birmingham than in other cities of Alabama and neighboring States, but undoubtedly because of the successful efforts the health department has made in securing the cooperation of the practicing physicians in reporting cases.

MEASLES.

See Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 1205.

PELLAGRA.

State Reports for June, 1917.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Kansas: Cherokee County— Galena. Cowley County— Winfield Crawford County— Pittsburg (R. D.). Jackson County— Holton. Labette County— Parsons. Miami County— Osawatomie (State Hospital). Montgomery County— Caney. Reno County— Hutchinson. Total. Louislana: Acadia Parish.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 8	Louisiana—Continued. Caldwell Parish. De Soto Parish. East Baton Rouge Parish East Carroll Parish. East Feliciana Parish. Fran-lin Parish. Iberville Parish. Jackson Parish. Lincoin Parish. Madison Parish. Machouse Parish. Natchitoches Parish. Ouachita Parish. Rapides Parish. Sabine Parish. St. Mary Parish. St. Mary Parish. Tangipahoa Parish. Tensas Parish. Vernon Parish. Vernon Parish. Washington Parish. Washington Parish.	2 4 4 8 1 1 4 4 2 1 1 6 6 1 1 2 6 6 1 5 5
Beauregard ParishCaddo Parish	1 6	Total	79

City Reports for Week Ended July 7, 1917.

Place. Cases.		Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Kansas City, Mo	, Tex		Mobile, Ala. Nashville, Tenn. New Orleans, La. New York, N. Y. Sacramento, Cal. Savannah, Ga. Syracuse, N. Y. Winston-Salem, N. C.	1 1	

¹ The reason that Birmingham had so many more cases of pellagra reported than any other city is not that the disease is more prevalent in Birmingham than in other cities of Alabama and neighboring States, but undoubtedly because of the successful efforts the health department has made in securing the cooperation of the practicing physicians in reporting cases.

PLAGUE.

California-Alameda County-Plague-Infected Squirrels Found.

During the period from July 3 to 12, 1917, 5 plague-infected ground squirrels were found within a radius of 5½ miles of Altamont, Alameda County, Cal., one each on the following ranches: Flynn Bros., Frank Floyd, F. Rahmstorf, C. W. Carroll, and Mary Klesorth.

Hawaii-Paauhau-Plague-Infected Rat Found.

A plague-infected rat was found July 15, 1917, at Paauhau, Hawaii.

PNEUMONIA.

City Reports for Week Ended July 7, 1917.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alameda, Cal. Atlantic City, N.J. Baltimore, Md. Binghampton, N.Y. Boston, Mass Braddock, Pa Cambridge, Mass Chelsea, Mass Filit Michel	1 1 1 3 3 3 1 1 1 7 4 7 2 2 1 3	10 4 1 63 10 11	Los Angeles, Cal. Lynn, Mass Newark, N. J. Philadelphia, Pa. Pittsburgh, Pa. Reading, Pa. Rochester, N. Y	1 3 1 4 2 18 21 12 12 13 3 11 2 1	1

POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS).

Connecticut.

During the week ended July 21, 1917, 4 cases of poliomyelitis were notified in Connecticut, 1 case each at Bristol, Derby, Thompson, and West Haven.

Massachusetts.

During the period from July 8 to 23, 1917, cases of poliomyelitis were notified in Massachusetts as follows: Groveland (town) 3, Groton (town) 1, Hadley (town) 1, Haverhill 2, Lowell 1, Malden 1.

Minnesota.

During the period from July 1 to 22, 1917, 4 cases of poliomyelitis were notified in Minnesota as follows: One case each in Keene Township, Clay County; Long Lake Township, Watonwan County; Lyons Township, Lyon County; Minneapolis, Hennepin County.

Ohio-Uhrichsville.

During the week ended July 21, 1917, two cases of poliomyelitis were notified at Uhrichsville, Tuscarawas County, Ohio.

POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS)—Continued.

Vermont.

During the week ended July 21, 1917, cases of poliomyelitis were notified in Vermont as follows: One case each at Barre, Montpelier, and Waterbury.

Virginia-Rockingham County.

The State Board of Health of Virginia reported July 18, 1917, that 4 cases of poliomyelitis had been notified at points near Elkton, Rockingham County, Va.

West Virginia-Mononga.

During the period from July 15 to 20, 1917, 6 cases of poliomyelitis were notified at Mononga, Marion County, W. Va., making a total of 8 cases reported at that place since July 7, 1917.

State Reports for June, 1917.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Kansas:		New Jersey:	
Cloud County—		Bergen County	9
Glasco (R. D.)	1	Essex County	
Lincoln County—		Hudson County	3
Sylvan Grove (R. D.)	1	Hunterdon County	i
Wyandotte County-	1	Mercer County	9
Kansas City	1	Middlesex County	
Total	3	Total	15
Louisiana:		Ohio:	
Bienville Parish	1	Belmont County	11
Dienvine Parisit		Cuyahoga County—	11
Michigan:		Cleveland	
Lenawee County—		Franklin County—	1
Hudson Township		Columbus	
Washtenaw County—	1	Gallia County.	
Ann Arbor		Hamilton County—	1
Ann Arbor	1	Cincinnati	
Total	2	Lucas County—	1
Total	2		
Minnesota:			1
		Piekaway County— Circleville	
Pine County— Windemere Township			1
	1	Stark County—	
Pope County—		Massillon	1
Langhei Township	1	Summit County—	
Wilkin County—		Akron	4
Bradford Township	1	Williams County	1
Total	3	Total	23
		South Dakota:	
		Corson County	1

Oregon Report for May, 1917.

During the month of May, 1917, 1 case of poliomyelitis was reported in Clackamas County, Oreg.

POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS)-Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended July 7, 1917.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Albany, N. Y Chicago, III Haverhill, Mass Lowell, Mass Medford, Mass	1 1 2 1 1		New York, N. Y Philadelphia, Pa Schenectady, N. Y Springfield, Mass	5 2 1	

RABIES IN MAN.

City Report for Week Ended July 7, 1917.

During the week ended July 7, 1917, 1 death from rabies was reported at Cincinnati, Ohio.

RABIES IN ANIMALS.

City Reports for Week Ended July 7, 1917.

During the week ended July 7, 1917, 4 cases of rabies in animals were reported at Detroit, Mich., and 1 case at St. Paul, Minn.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN SPOTTED FEVER.

Oregon Report for May, 1917.

During the month of May, 1917, 2 cases of Rocky Mountain spotted fever were reported in Baker County, Oreg.

SCARLET FEVER.

See Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 1205.

SMALLPOX.

Indiana-Report for May, 1917-Correction.

The report of a death from smallpox in Hancock County, Ind., in the State report for May, 1917, published in the Public Health Reports of July 6, 1917, was an error. One death occurred in Hendricks County in May.

Minnesota.

During the week ended July 21, 1917, five new foci of smallpox infection were reported in Minnesota, cases of the disease having been notified as follows: Carver County, Chaska 1; Dakota County, Empire Township 2; Hennepin County, Richfield Township 5; Itaska County, Deer River 1; Martin County, Silver Lake Township 1.

State Reports for June, 1917.

			Vaccination history of cases.			
Place.	New cases reported.	Deaths.	Number vaccinated within 7 years pre- ceding attack.	Number last vacci- nated more than 7 years preceding attack.	Number never suc- cessfully vaccinated.	Vaccination history neobtained uncertain
ansas:						
Atchison County—						
Atchison	1		**********	**********	1	
Barton County—						
Hoisington Bourbon County—	3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1	2	
Fulton	1				1	
Brown County— Horton	2				2	
Butler County—	1				1	
Augusta Cherokee County—				************		
Baxter Springs (R. D.) Chetopa (R. D.)	1				1	
Chetopa (R. D.)	1		**********	********	1 6	
Columbus	6		*********		i	*********
McCune (R. D.)	i				î	
Cowley County— Cambridge	1				1	
Winfield	1			*********	1	
Crawford County—	-					
Arma Breezy Hill (R. D.) Cherokee (R. D.)	7 3		*********	*********	7 3	
Cherokee (R. D.)	5		**********	**********	-5	
Franklin	1				i	
Girard	1				1	
Mulberry	5				5	
Mulberry Pittsburg (R.D.) Doniphan County— Elwood	2			1	1	********
Ellis County-	5		**********	**********	5	*******
Hays (1 R. D.)	2	*********	**********	**********	2	********
Garden City	2		**********	**********	2	********
Spearville (R. D.)			**********	**********	1	
Greenwood County— Fall River	3			2	1	
Jefferson County— Oskaloosa (R. D.)			***********	-	2	
Johnson County— Eudora (R. D.)	1	••••••	**********	. 1	2	********
Labette County— Oswego	1	••••••			1	*********
Parsons Leavenworth County—	î		***********		î	
Leavenworth	5				5	
Lincoln (2 R. D.) Marion County—	4		*********		4	
Hillsboro (R. D.) Marion.	1 2				1 2	
McPherson County—	2				2	
Marquette Miami County— Paola.	7				7	
Montgomery County— Coffeyville	6			1	5	
Independence	4			1	3	
Morris County— Council Grove	27				27	
Nemaha County— Centralia (R. D.) Corning (R. D.)	1 2				1 2	********
Neosho County—					4	
Chanute Erie (R. D.)	i				1	
Shaw. South Mound (R. D.)	12				12	

				Vaccination history of cases,			
Place.	New cases reported.	S Deaths.	Number vaccinated within 7 years pre- ceding attack.	nated more	Number never suc- cessfully vaccinated	obtained or	
Kansas—Continued. Osborne County—							
Osborne Ottawa County—	1	********			1		
Minneapolis Pawnee County—	30			. 1	29		
Pratt County—	1				1		
Pratt (1 R. D.)	3				3		
Hutchinson	1				1		
Republic County— Belleville	1				1		
Rice County— Sterling	1				1		
Riley County— Manhattan (3 R. D.)	4						
Rush County— Timken	2						
Scott County-		***************************************			2		
Sedgwick County—	1				1		
Cheney (1 R. D.) Valley Center	2				2		
Wichita	8				8		
Seward County— Liberal	2			1	1		
Shawnee County— Topeka Stafford County—	6				6		
Stafford County— St. John	1				1		
Sumner County— Caldwell	1				1		
Wabaunsee County-		*********	************	**********		************	
Wallace County—	2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	***********	***********	2	***********	
WallaceWilson County—	1	*********		•••••	1		
AltoonaBuffville	6	••••••			2 6		
w vandotte County-		**********				••••••••	
Kansas City	5	********	************		5	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Total	229	• • • • • • • • • •	•••••	9	220		
Michigan: Alpena County—				-			
Alpena Township	2				2		
Green Township	1				1	*********	
Long Rapids Township Alpena	3 2				3 2		
Benzie County-			1				
Weldon Township Berrien County—	1				1	**********	
Bertrand Township	1 .				1 .		
Niles. Chippewa County—	2				2	***********	
Sault Ste Marie	1 .				1		
Emmet County— Bliss Township	2						
	3	*******			3	***********	
Genesee County—						***************************************	
Genesee County— Argentine Township	2 .				2 .	**********	
Genesee Township Flint.	2				2		
Gratiot County—	14				14	**********	
Lafayette Township North Star Township	5 .				5 .		
North Star Township	1 .				1 .		
AlmaIngham County—	3 .				3 .	*********	
Williamston	1 .				1 .		
Lansing	14 .				4.4		

			Vaccination history of cases.				
Place.	New cases reported.	Deaths.	Number vaccinated within 7 years pre- ceding attack.	Number last vacci- nated more than 7 years preceding attack.	Number never suc- cessfully vaccinated.	Vaccination history not obtained or uncertain.	
Michigan—Continued. Ionia County—							
Jackson County—	1				1		
Rives Township	1				2	. 1	
Jackson Kent County—	2		***********	**********		************	
Grand Rapids Marquette County—			***********	**********	4	***************************************	
Ishpeming Mason County—	1			***********	1		
Ludington	1			***********	1		
Big Rapids Township Fork Township	1				1	. 1	
Hinton Township	1				1		
Big Rapids Township. Fork Township. Hinton Township. Big Rapids. Midland County—	13				13	***********	
Midland					4	***********	
Muskegon Oakland County—	1				1	**********	
Bloomfield Township	1			1			
Pontine Township Southfield Township Waterford Township	8				8		
Southfield Township	1				1		
Waterford Township	.7				7	**********	
Pontiae Ottawa County—	15			**********	15	***********	
Blendon Township	3				3		
Olive Township	2				2		
Blendon Township Olive Township Wright Township Presque Isle County—	2				2		
Allis Township	1				1		
Onaway Saginaw County—	1						
Brant Township	2		3		1 2	**********	
Fremont Township St. Clair County—					-	**********	
Emmet Township	1			1	1	***********	
Port Huron	3				3		
Sanilac County—	1			1		1	
Sanilac Township	2				2		
Deckerville. Sanilac Township. Shiawassee County—							
Rush Township	1			1		**********	
Shiawassee Township	1				3	**********	
Van Buren County	3				3		
Owosso. Van Buren County— Decatur Township Washtenaw County—	3				3		
Allin Arbor	2				2		
Wayne County— Dearborn	1				1		
St. Chir Heights Detroit	46			**********	9	37	
Total	204		3	4	158	39	
Minnesota:					The second secon		
Bigstone County—							
Ortonville	1				1	*******	
Blue Earth County— Lake Crystal.	1				1		
Chisago County—	*						
Rush City Chisago Lake Township	17				17		
Clay County—							
Hawley	1				1	**********	

			,	accination h	istory of cas	es.
Place.	New cases reported.	Deaths.	Number vaccinated within 7 years pre- ceding attack.	Number last vacci- nated more than 7 years preceding attack.	Number never suc- cessfully vaccinated.	Vaccination history not obtained or uncertain.
MinnesotaContinued.						
Crow Wing County-						
Brainerd	3 2			*********	3 2	
Ironton	- 2		***********		-	
Dodge County— Wasioja Township Fillmore County—	1		1		1	
Fillmore County—						
Rushford Newburg Township	1			**********	1	
Newburg Township	1				1	
Freeborn County—	1				1	
Alden Township London Township	17			1	16	
Goodhue County-	-				W.	
Pine Island	4				111	
Hennepin County—			-	1	11	
Edina	2 2		·····i	i	0.00	************
Excelsior	116			8	108	
Wayrata	3				3	
West Minneapolis	1				1	
Maple Grove Township	2				2	
Minnetonka Township	1		1			
Plymouth Township	1				1	
Hubbard County— Arago Township White Oak Township	1				200	1 1
White Oak Township	4				4	
Itasca County—	1					
Bovey	3				3	
Martin County—					Intro.	
Fairmont	1				1	
Pleasant Prairie Township	1 2	• • • • • • • • • •		•••••	1 2	
Tenhassen Township	2	*********			40.0	
Morrison County— Belle Prairie	1				1	
Mower County—						
Austin	3		1		2	
Lyle Township Olmstead County—	9	********		1	8	**********
Rochester	5				5	
Pennington County—			***********			
Thief River Falls	7				7	
Polk County— Angus Township.					771	
Angus Township	1					1
Ramsey County— St. Paul. Renyille County—	9				9	
Renville County-		********				
Franklin	1				1	
Olivia	1				1	
Roseau County— Huss Township St. Louis County—						
Huss Township	1		1			
Thillisth	23		1	7	14	1
Proctor	1			i		
Sherburne County—	-					
Orrock Township	1				1	
					1	
Eden Lake Township	1		*********			
Steele County— Blooming Prairie Town-						
ship. Stevens County—	1				1	
Stevens County—						
Donnelly Township Todd County—	1	********		1		
Todd County—					1	
Staples	1 2	*******		**********	2	
Bruce Township Hartford Township	1	*********			î	
Wadena County—	1					
Verndale	1				1	
Wadena	6	*******			6	
Watonwan County-	5				5	1
St. James	9	********		**********	9	

			1	accination h	istory of cas	es.
Place.	New cases reported.	Deaths.	Number vaccinated within 7 years pre- ceding attack.	Number last vacci- nated more than 7 years preceding attack.	Number never suc- cessfully vaccinated.	Vaccination history not obtained on uncertain.
Minnesota—Continued. Winona County—						
Winona Wright County—	1				1	**********
Yellow Medicine County—	3				3	**********
Vergeland Township	1	********			1	
Total	279		5	21	250	
Ohio:						1
Ashtabula County	7			*********	1	
Ashtabula County	5				3	
Butler County	30				28	
Belmont County	18					1
Clark County	11 12	********	1	**********	5 4	
Coshocton County-	24	********				
Coshocton	1					
Cuyahoga County	48	********	**********	***********	15	4
Darke County Delaware County	4		*********		15	
Fairfield County	2					
Franklin County	6				4	1
Greene County	11				*********	1
Hamiiton County— Cincinnati	4					
Hancock County—			**********	***************************************		
Findlay Hardin County	6	*******	**********		3	
Hardin County Henry County Jackson County—	15	********	***********		14	
Wellston	2				**********	
Jefferson County Logan County	19			1	16	
Lucas County	3					
Mahoning County— Youngstown	33					3
Moroor County	2					
Miami County	8			1	5	
Miami County. Montgomery County.	23				19	
Morrow County Muskingum County—	3		**********	**********		
Zanesville	6				6	
Perry County	1		*********			
Preble County	1 2		********	1	2	*********
Richland County—	Z				-	*********
Mansfield	1			1		
Scioto County Seneca County—	5					
Fostoria	1				1	
Shelby County Stark County—	13			1	10	
Canton	8				8	
Summit County	64			1	12	5
Trumbull County	8 2				2	
Warren County	2					
wasnington County—	- 1					
Marietta	2	*******				
Williams County	2		*********			- 1
Total	419		1	6	167	243

SMALLFOX-Continued.

Miscellaneous State Reports.

Place.	Cases.	Leaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Louisiana (June 1-30): Assumption Parish Livingston Parish Orleans Parish Rapides Parish St. Landry Parish Tangipahoa Parish Union Parish Vermilion Parish Winn Parish Total	2 1 6 7 1 11 1 5 1		South Dakota (June 1-30): Bon Homme County. Davison County. Grant County. Gregory County. Hand County. Hughes County Jerauld County. Lawrence County. Mine-baba County. Sanborn County.	11	
New Jersey (June 1-30): Hudson County Oregon (May 1-31): Clatsop County Douglas County Multnomah County— Portland Washington County Total	23 1 3 2 29		Spink County Tripp County Turner County Yankton County Ziebach County Total	16 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

City Reports for Week Ended July 7, 1917.

Place.	Place. Cases. Deaths.			Cases.	reaths.
Alten, Ill.	1		Muscatine, Iowa	1	
Ann Arbor, Mich	1		New Orleans, La	6	
Butte, Mont	5		Oklahoma City, Okla	11	
Chicago, Ill	25		Omana, Nebr	. 9	
Cleveland, Ohio	7		Philadelphia, Pa	. 1	
Columbus, Ohio	7		Pittsburgh, Pa	2	
Danville, Ill	6		Pontiae, Mich	5	
Davenport, Iowa	1		Portsmouth, Va	4	
Dayton, Ohio	1		Quiney, Ill.	4	
Denver, Colo	2		Richmond, Va	2	
Detroit, Mich	4		St. Joseph, Mo	5	1
Dubuque, Iowa	1		St. Louis, Mo	- 10	
Erie, Pa	1		St. Paul, Minn	2	
Flint, Mich	7		Salt Lake City, Utah	5	
Fort Wayne, Ind	1		Sioux City, Iowa	. 6	
Grand Rapids, Mich	1		Springfield, Ill	- 5	
Indianapolis, Ind	9		Springfield, Ohio	5	
Kansas City, Kans	8		Superior, Wis		
Kansas City, Mo	6		Tacoma, Wash	1	
Kokomo, Ind	1		Terre Haute, Ind	2	
Lincoln, Neb	3		Toledo, Ohio	2	
Memphis, Tenn	3		Wheeling, W. Va	4	
Milwaukee, Wis	5		Wichita, Kans	1	
Minneapolis, Minn	14		Zanesville, Ohio	2	

TETANUS.

City Reports for Week Ended July 7, 1917.

Place. Cases.		Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Peaths.	
Baltimore, Md		1 1 2	Providence, R. I		1	

TUBERCULOSIS.

See Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 1205.

TYPHOID FEVER.

State Reports for June, 1917.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Kansas:		Louisiana—Continued.	
Atchison County—		La Salle Parish	1
Atchison	1	Livingston Parish	31
Bourbon County—		Natchitoches Parish Orleans Parish	21
Fort ScottButler County—	1	Ouachita Parish	1 3
Eldorado	1	Plaquemines Parish	1
Cherokee County—		Pointe Coupee Parish	1 4
Faulkner	1	Pointe Coupee Parish	10
Cowley County-		Red River ParishRichland Parish	
Arkansas City	2	Richland Parish	1
Arkansas City. New Salem (R. D.). Winfield.	1 2	Sabine Parish	1 3
Crawford County—	2	St. James Parish	10
Pittsburg	2	St Landry Parish	13
Dickinson County	-	St. Landry Parish	13
Herington Hope Finney County Garden City	1	St. Mary Parish	13
- Норе	1	Tangipahoa Parish	13
Finney County—		Union Parish	1 1 2 2 2 3
Garden City	2	Vermilion Parish	
Geary County—	1	Washington Parish	
Greenwood County—	•	Washington Parish	1 3
Oniney	1	Winn Parish	3
Quincy	3		
Kearny County-		Total	242
Deerfield	1		
Ringman County		Michigan:	
Kingman	1	Alpena County—	
Labette County— Edmond Leavenworth County—	1	Alpena	1
Leavenworth County-	•	Bay County-	
Leavenworth	6	Bay City	•
Montgomery County—		Berrien County—	
Montgomery County— Cherryvale	1	Niles Branch County—	,
Riley County—		Bronson Township	1
Riley County— Leonardville (R. D.)	1	Calhoun County—	
	1	Battle Creek	1
Sedgwick County— Wichita	1	Battle Creek	
Shawnee County-	*.	Sault Ste. Marie	3
Shawnee County— Topeka Sumner County—	2	Clinton County-	1
Sumner County—	-	Bath Township	30
Caldwell	1	Bath Township	2
Caldwell. Washington County— Washington (R. D.)		De Witt Township	3
Washington (R. D.)	- 1	Dickinson County—	1
Wilson County—	1	Iron Mountain Genesee County—	
Fredonia (R. D.) Woodson County—		Flint	10
Yates Center (R. D.)	1	Flint. Hillsdale County—	
Wyandotte County-		Wright Township Ingham County—	1
Bonner Springs Kansas City	1	Ingham County—	
Kansas City	1	Lansing	17
	41	Kalkaska County— Oliver Township	1
Total	91	Kent County—	
Louisiana:		Grand Rapids	3
Acadia Parish	4	Lapeer County-	
Allen Parish. Ascension Parish	i	Lapeer County— Burnside Township	1
Ascension Parish	1 3 2	Manistee County-	
Assumption Parish	2	Manistee	1
Avoyelles Parish	12	Marquette County—	1
Bossier Parish	2	Negaunea Mecosta County—	
Caddo Parish Calcasieu Parish	12 2 5 2 1 3 1 5	Barryton	1
Caldwell Parish	1	Missaukee County-	
Catalanda Parich	3	Missaukee County— Clam Union Township	. 1
Claiborne Parish Concordia Parish East Baton Rouge Parish East Feliciana Parish	1	Montealm County—	
Concordia Parish	5	Howard City	3
East Baton Rouge Parish	5	Muskegon County—	
East Feliciana Parish	5	Muskegon	1
Franklin Parish	1	Ogemaw County—	1
Iberia Parish	14	Rose Township	1
Iberville Parish	1	Saginaw County— Oakley	1
Jesserson Parish	1	Saginaw	2
Jefferson Davis Parish	28	Shiawassee County—	
Jefferson Davis Parish Lafayette Parish	4	Woodhuil Township	1
Lafourche Parish	3	Rush Township	1

TYPHOID FEVER--Continued.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Lichigan—Continued		New Jersey Continued	
fichigan—Continued. Van Buren County— Almena Township		New Jersey—Continued. Salem County	
Almena Township	1	Union County.	1
Wayne County-		Warren County	1
Hamtramek	2	warren county	
Detroit	39		53
Wyandotte	3	, Autain	99
Ypsilanti	3 2	Ohio:	
		Adams County	
Total	141	Ashland County	1
		Ashtal ula County—	,
linnesota:		Conneaut	2
Anoka County-		Belmont County	15
Columbia Heights	1	Belmont County	1
Rina Forth County-		Butler County-	
Lake Crystal	1	Hamilton	110
Mapleton	1	Clark County-	
Brown County-		Epringfield	2
Brown County— New Ulm	1	Columbiana County	116
Carleton County—		Crawford Count	6.3
Cloquet	1	Cuyahoga County—	
Crow Wing County—		Cle el nd	10
Crosby	2	Delaware County—	40
Crosby. Hennepin County—	-	Delaware	1
Minneapolis	5	Erie County—	
Jackson County-		Sandusky	1
Heron Lake	1	Sandusky. Franklin County	10
McLeod County—	_	Gallia County.	1
Plato	1	Hamilton County—	
Marshall County—		Cincinnati	*
Oslo	1	Henry County	5
Morrison County—		Henry County	16.4
Pierz Township	1	Norwalk	160
Polk County—		Jefferson County	3
McIntosh	1	Licking County	3 2
Johnson Township	i	Licking County Logan County—	
Pope County—	-	Bellefontaine	- 1
Glenwood	1	Lorain County	i
Rice County-	-	Lucas County-	
Faribault	1	Toledo	
Roseau County—	-	Mahoning County	8 8 1
Roseau	1	Medina County	1
St. Louis County—		Meigs County	6
Duluth	8	Miami County—	
Angora TownshipLeiding Township	1	Piqua	1
Leiding Township	î	Monroe County	i
Scott County—	- 1	Montgomery County—	
Belle Plaine	2	Dayton	3
Sherburne County—	-1	Morgan County	1
Sherburne County— Livonia Township	1	Muskingum County—	
Stearns County—	•	Zanesville	1
Wakefield Township	1	Noble County.	•
Steele County—	- 1	Ottawa County	1
Owatonna.	1	Perry County.	2
Watonwan County-	-	Perry County Pickaway County—	-
Madelia	1	Circleville	1
Rosendale Township	. 1	Ross County	1 1 3 1 1
Yellow Medicine County—	- 1	Sandusky County	2
Omro Township	1	Scioto County	ĭ
_		Seneca County	i
Total	39	Seneca CountyStark County—	
-		Massillon	1
w Jersey:		Summit County	-
Atlantic County	1	Summit County Trumbull County	2
Bergen County	2	Tuscarawas County	2
Burlington County	4	Warren County	1
Burlington County	2 4 7 1 3 8 1 1	Warren County	1 4 3 3 1 1 1 3
Cape May County	1 11	Williams County	
Climberland County	3	Williams County	
Essex County.	8	wood Country	1
Gloucester County	1	Total	101
Gloucester County	1	Total	131
Mercer County	7	South Dakota	
Monmouth County	-	South Dakota;	
Monmouth County	3	Lawrence County	1
Ocean County	5 1	Minnehaha County	2
Passaic County	3	Total	-
	0	Total	3

TYPHOID FEVER-Continued,

Oregon Report for May, 1917.

During the month of May, 1917, 5 cases of typhoid fever were reported in Oregon, as follows: Columbia County, 1; Multnomah County, Portland, 4.

City Reports for Week Ended July 7, 1917.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Albany, N. Y.	4		Memphis, Tenn	2	
Allentown, Pa	9		Minneapolis, Minn		
Altoona, Pa	2		Mobile, Ala.		
Address of T	1	i	Morristown, N. J.	i	
Atlantic City, N. J			Morristown, N. J.	1	
Baltimore, Md			Nashville, Tenn	7	
Birmingham, Ala	28	4	Newark, N. J.	1	
Brownsville, Tex	1		New Britain, Conn	1	
Buffalo, N. Y		1	New Haven, Conn	1	
Butte, Mont	1		New Orleans, La	33	7
Camden, N. J.	1		New York, N. Y	15	3
Canton, Ohio	î	1	Norfolk, Va.		
Charleston, S. C	i		Omaha, Nebr	î	
Chatteneoge Tenn	7		Philadelphia, Pa	8	
Chattanooga, Tenn			Pittsburgh, Pa		- 0
Chicago, Ill	2		Pritsburgh, Fa	2	********
Chicopee, Mass	1	********	Providence, R. I	2	
Cincinnati, Ohio	1	1	Richmond, Va	8	
Cleveland, Ohio	4		Roanoke, Va	4	
Coffeyville, Kans	5		Rocky Mount, N. C	2	
Columbus, Ohio	3		St. Joseph. Mo	5	1
Covington, Ky		1	St. Louis, Mo	7	
Denver, Colo.			St. Paul, Minn		1
Detroit, Mich.	21	3	Salt Lake City, Utah	2	1 1
		1	San Francisco, Cal.		
Elgin, Ill	*******				
El Paso, Tex	********	1	Savannah, Ga		
Erie, Pa	1		Schenectady, N. Y	1	********
Evansville, Ind	1	1	South Bend, Ind	2	1
Everett, Mass	2		South Bethlehem, Pa	1	
Fall River, Mass	1.		Springfield, Ohio	1	
Fort Wayne, Ind	1		Syracuse, N. Y	1	1
Hagerstown, Md	2		Taunton, Mass	1	1
Hartford, Conn		1	Toledo, Ohio	3	
Haverhill, Mass	1		Topeka, Kans	1	1
indianapolis, Ind	1		Trenton, N. J.	î	
La de la constanta de la const		·····i	Washington D. C.	2	
Johnstown, Pa	1		Washington, D. C	3	1
Kansas City, Mo	1		Wheeling, W. Va		1
Long Branch, N. J	1	2	Wichita, Kans	2	********
Los Angeles, Cal	4		Winston-Salem, N. C	5	1
Lowell, Mass	2		Worcester, Mass	3	
Melrose, Mass	1		York, Pa	1	

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS.

State Reports for June, 1917.

	Cases reported.			Cases reported.				
State.	Diph- theria.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	State.	Diph- theria.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	
Kansas Louisiana Michigan Minnesota	82 30 511 299	1,110 101 1,759 1,287	157 13 814 277	New Jersey Ohio South Dakota	351 519 13	690 2,303 74	354 539 55	

Oregon Report for May, 1917.

During the month of May, 1917, 10 cases of diphtheria, 515 cases of measles, and 124 cases of scarlet fever were reported in Oregon.

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended July 7, 1917.

	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916	Total deaths	-	htheria	Me	easles.		arlet ver.	cu	iber- losis.
City.	(estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	from all causes.		Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Over 500,000 inhabitants:										
Baltimore, Md Boston, Mass	589, 621 756, 476	144 211	58	6	75 128		13	2	49	13 37 55
Boston, Mass. Chicago, Ill. Cleveland, Ohio. Detroit, Mich. Los Angeles, Cal. New York, N. Y. Philadelphia, Pa. Pittsburgh, Pa. St. Louis, Mo. From 300,000 to 500,000 inhabit-	756, 476 2, 497, 722	588	140	29	258	5	129	11	307	55
Cleveland, Ohio	674, 073		27 77	2	37		. 6	1	. 33	27 15
Detroit, Mich	674, 073 571, 784 503, 812	196	77	12	14		47	3	22	15
Los Angeles, Cal	503,812	1,139	255	12	36 456	18	16 76	4	46 303	18
Philadelphia, Pa	5, 602, 841 1, 709, 518 579, 090 757, 309	370	65	3	74	10	10		113	1
Pittsburgh, Pa	579,090	156	17		74 76	1	7		24 31	7
St. Louis, Mo	757, 309	197	55	1	27	1	29	2	31	20
From 300,000 to 500,000 inhabit-			1	1						1 .
ants: Buffalo, N. Y. Cincinnati, Ohio. Jersey City, N. J. Milwaukee, Wis. Minneapolis, Minn Newark, N. J.	468, 558	99	15	1	21	1	6	2	25	17
Cincinnati, Ohio	410, 476	106	7		16		5		33	15
Jersey City, N. J	306, 345 436, 535	72								15 7 9
Milwaukee, Wis	436, 535	108	14	2	52		34		14	9
Minneapolis, Minn	363, 454		9		12		6		36	12
New Orleans, La	408, 894 371, 747	90 128	8 9		27		i		29	17
San Francisco, Cal	463, 516	123	11		43	1	12		16	.14
Washington, D. C From 200,000 to 300,000 inhabit-	463, 516 363, 980	90	4		70		2		20	13
From 200,000 to 300,000 inhabit-						1	1			
ants:	214, 878	63			4	1	1		8	5
Columbus, Ohio Denver, Colo	260, 800	62	2		12		2			14
Indianapolis, Ind	260, 800 271, 708		7		47		12		9	
Indianapolis, Ind Kansas City, Mo	297,847	52	4		3				2	
Portland, Oreg	295, 463	41	6		5	2	3	1	4	3
Poshester N V	254, 960	56	6	2	77	2	16	1	12	11 6
Portland, Oreg. Providence, R. I. Rochester, N. Y. St. Paul, Minn.	256, 417 247, 232	44	27	1	37		6		13	7
From 100,000 to 200,000 mnabit-	211, 202			-	0,				-	
ants: Albany, N. Y Birmingham, Ala Bridgeport, Conn Cambridge, Mass Camden, N. J Dayton, Ohio Fall River, Mass.	104 100		1		20	1	4		5	
Birmingham, Ala	104, 199 181, 762	102			16	1				9
Bridgeport, Conn	121,579	36	5		2		3		12	3
Cambridge, Mass	121, 579 112, 981 106, 233 127, 224		7		13		1		3	3
Camden, N. J	106, 233		1		5		3 2		3	
Fall River Moss	127, 224	7	1		17 22	2	2		7 2	5 3 4 1 1 4 3 6
Fall River, Mass Grand Rapids, Mich Hartford, Conn	128, 366 128, 291 110, 900	28	6	1	16		2		2	4
Hartford, Conn	110,900	40	6		5				4 3	1
Lawrence, Mass	100 560 1	16	3						3	1
Lawrence, Mass Lowell, Mass Lynn, Mass	113, 245 102, 425 148, 995	25	31		3 7 1		····i		1 2	4
Memphis, Tenn	148, 995	22 53	2		í		2		16	6
Nashville, Tenn	117,057	38					ī		6	
New Bedford, Mass	117, 057 118, 158 149, 685	30	1		25		1		11	3
New Haven, Conn	149, 685	36	1		35	1	2		6	2
Lynn, Mass Memphis, Tenn Nashville, Tenn New Bedford, Mass New Haven, Conn Oakland, Cal Omaha, Nebr Reading, Pa. Richmond, Va. Springfield, Mass Syracuse, N. Y. Tucoma, Wash Toledo, Ohio. Trenton, N. J.	198, 604	42	2 2 9		10		4	*****	1	3 2 2 8 2 8 1 1
Reading, Pa	165, 470 109, 381 156, 687	28	9	1	2		3		i	2
Richmond, Va	156, 687	28 65	1		6 2				7	8
Salt Lake City, Utah	117, 399	31 !			2	1	10			1
Springfield, Mass	105, 942	21 27	2 5 1 9	*****	39	*****	11 12		3	1
Tacoma, Wash	112, 770		1		1	*****	11			
Toledo, Ohio	191, 554	59	9	2	21		8		25	11
Trenton, N. J.	111,593	40	7		1		1		3	2
Trenton, N. J. Worcester, Mass. From 50,000 to 100,000 inhabit-	117, 399 105, 942 155, 624 112, 770 191, 554 111, 593 163, 314	40	7		14	1	3		13	3
Alterro Pa	63,505	14	3		1		···i		3	*****
Atlantic City N T	58,659		2		9		-		23	1
Bayonne, N. J.	69.893						3		4	
Allentown, Pa. Altoona, Pa. Altoona, Pa. Bayonne, N. J. Berkeley, Cal. Binghamton, N. Y. Brockton, Mass.	57, 660 69, 893 57, 653 53, 973	7			1		1		1	
Binghamton, N. Y	53, 973	14	3		10				3	*****
Conton Ohio	07. 449	15	1 2				1		2	1
Canton, Ohio	60, 852 60, 734	28	2	******	1					
Charleston, S. C. Chattanooga, Tenn Covington, Ky Duluth, Minn	60,075	-0								7
Covington, Ky	57, 144 94, 495	18			2		1 3		3	4
Dubuth, Minn	94, 495	10	i		26		3 1.		3 1	

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended July 7, 1917—Continued.

	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916	Total deaths	1	theria.	Mea	asles.	Sca	ver.		ber- losis.
City.	(estimated by U.S. Census Bureau).	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
rom 50,000 to 100,000 inhabit-										
ants-Continued.	86,690	16		1	6		4		5	1
Elizabeth, N. J	63, 705 75, 195 76, 078	39	3	1	8	1	i			
Erie, Pa	75, 195		4		8		8		10	
Er Paso, Tex Erie, Pa Evansville, Ind Flint, Mich	76,078	14	1		6 3	*****	18	*****	2	***
Flint, Mich Fort Wayne, Ind Harrisburg, Pa Hoboken, N. J	76,078 54,772 76,183 72,015 77,214 68,529 99,437 50,853 57,343 51,155	15 17	3		5	*****	2	*****	*****	
Harrisburg, Pa	72,015	28	1						1	1
Hoboken, N. J	77, 214		4 3	1	10		1		3	
	68, 529	18	3		4	*****	5		1 5	
Lancaster, Pa.	50, 853				10	******		*****	3	****
Little Rock, Ark	57, 343	25							******	
Kansas City, Kans Lancaster, Pa Little Rock, Ark Malden, Mass	51, 155	15	4	1	20		1		4	
	78, 283 58, 221 53, 794	24 31	1		3	1	1		6 2	
Mobile, Ala	53, 794	6					1			
NOTIONS, VA	89,612	5	1			*****	2		*****	1
Oklahoma City, Okla	89,612 92,943 71,744	20								
	71, 744 59, 411	22	17	1	*****	*****	1	*****	3	
Portland, Me.	63, 867	13	2		22	*****	1	*****	4	***
Rockford, Ill	63, 867 55, 185	13			10		2		1	
Sacramento, Cal	66, 895	14			*****		2			
Saginaw, Mich	55, 642	23	1		1	*****	2	*****	1	****
San Diego, Cal	85, 236 53, 330	18 20	1	*****	12	*****		*****	1	
Savannah, Ga	68 805	25	i		1		******		2	
Schenectady, N. Y	99,519	15			17		1		1	
Pawtineket, R. I. Portland, Me Rockford, III. Sacramento, Cal Saginaw, Mich. St. Joseph, Mo San Diego, Cal Savannah, Ga Schenectady, N. Y. Sioux City, Iowa Somerville, Mass South Bend, Ind Springfield, III. Springfield, Ohio Terre Haute, Ind Troy, N. Y. Wichita, Kans. Wilkes-Barre, Pa Wilmington, Del York, Pa.	99, 519 57, 078 87, 039	*******	7		13	*****	2	*****		***
South Bend Ind	68, 946	10 21		1	8	*****	4 3	*****	4	
Springfield, Ill	61, 120	8			13		2			
Springfield, Ohio	61,120 51,550 66,083	14			7		1		4	****
Terre Haute, Ind	66,083	12	2		1 9					
Wichita Kans	77, 916 70, 722		4	1	3	*****	2	*****	1	
Wilkes-Barre, Pa	76, 776	15	4	1	16	*****		*****		****
Wilmington, Del	76, 776 94, 265	27	1		1				2	
York, Paom 25,000 to 50,000 inhabitants:	51,656		1		*****		1	*****	3	****
Alamoda Cal	97 729	. 2		- 1	1		1			
Alameda, Cal. Austin, Tex Brookline, Mass Butler, Pa Butte, Mont.	27,732 34,814	9	2							
Brookline, Mass	32,730	10			2					
Butler, Pa	32,730 27,632 43,425	6	5		1	*****				
Chelsea Mass	46, 192	2 2	1 2		3	*****	3 2	*****	2	
Chelsea, Mass	29, 319	7	5	1	1					
Cumberland, Md	29, 319 26, 074 32, 261	2 7 7 7			1				2	
Danville, Ill	32, 261	7			3					
Davenport, Iowa Dubuque, Iowa	48, 811		2	*****	*****		1		1	
East Orange, N. J.	39, 873 42, 458 28, 203	4			14					
East Orange, N. J Elgin, Ill	28, 203	5			1		3			
Eyerett, Mass. Everett, Wash Fitchburg, Mass. Galveston, Tex. Green Ray, Wis	39, 233	2	1	*****	1					****
Fitchburg Mass	3°, 486	9	3		7		1		2	****
Galveston, Tex	41,781 41,863	10								
Green Bay, Wis	29, 353	13								
Hagerstown, Md	25,679		2		*****					
Hagerstown, Md Hamilton, Ohio Haverhill, Mass	49, 496 48, 477	10	1		2	*****	2		5	****
Ingkson Mich	35, 363	10	1		11				4	
Kalamazoo, Mich Kenosha, Wis Kingston, N. Y	35, 363 48, 886 31, 576 23, 771	17	5		43		1			
Kenosha, Wis	31,576	6			7		2			
Kingston, N. Y	23,771	5			2		1		3	
Knoxville, Tenn La Crosse, Wis Lexington, Ky		9	1	1			*****		1	*****
Lexington, Ky	31,677 41,097	17			3				21	
Lima, OhioLincoln, Nebr	35,384 46,515 27,587	8	1		2		1			
		6	1					1	2 .	

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended July 7, 1917-Continued.

	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916	Total deaths	1	therin	Me	asles.		arlet ver.		ber- losis.
City.	(estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	from all causes.		Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
From 25,000 to 50,000 inhabit-										
ants—Continued.	20 004		1		. 1		2			
Lorain, Ohio Lynchburg, Va	36, 964 32, 940	7	1		3		1			
Lynchburg, Va	32,940 30,699				. 5		1			
McKeesport, Pa	47, 521	11	1						. 1	
Mediord, Mass	26, 234	10			11					
Mediord, mass. Moline, Ill. Montclair, N. J. Nashua, N. H. Newburgh, N. Y. Newport, K. Newport, K. Newton, Mass. Norristown, Pa.	27, 451 36, 318	4			2		*****		2 2	
Nashua, N. H	27,327	7								
Newburgh, N. Y	29,603	12			13		1		3	1
Newport R I	31, 927 30, 108 43, 715	3 6	2			*****				
Newton, Mass. Norristown, Pa Ogden, Utah. Orange, N. J. Passadena, Cal. Perth Amboy, N. J. Pittsfield, Mass Portsmouth, Va. Quincy, III. Quincy, Mass Racine, Wis Roanoke, Va. Rock Island, III. San Jose, Cal. Steubenville, Ohio. Superior, Wis Taunton, Mass. Topeka, Kans. Waltham, Mass.	43,715	14			3		1	*****		1
Norristown, Pa	31, 401	6	1							1
Ogden, Utah	31, 404 33, 080	6								
Pasadena Cal	33, 080 46, 450	8 9			3		2		3	
Perth Amboy, N. J.	41, 185	4	******		1	*****			2	
Pittsfield, Mass	38, 629 39, 651	13			17				1	
Portsmouth, Va	39,651	8 7					1			
Quincy, III	36, 798 38, 136	8			4	*****			2	
Racine, Wis	46, 486	10	1		4	*****	· · · · i	*****	2	1
Roanoke, Va	46, 486 43, 284	13				1		*****	3	1
Rock Island, Ill	28,926	6			1		1			
San Jose, Cal	38, 902				5		2			
Superior Wis	27, 445 46, 226 36, 283	11								
Taunton, Mass	36, 283	12				*****	3		2	1
Topeka, Kans	48, 726	9	4		2		4			1
Waltham, Mass	30,570	10	4		16	1	1			2
Topeka, Kans. Waltham, Mass. Watertown, N. Y. West Hoboken, N. J. Wheeling, W. Va. Williamsport, Pa. Williamsport, Pa.	29, 894 43, 139				14		2		2	
Wheeling, W. Va	43, 377	7		*****	2	*****	1		1	
Williamsport, Pa	33,809		4	1	8			*****	*****	
Wilmington, N. C Winston-Salem, N. C	29, 892 31, 155	12			. 2					
Zanesville, Ohio	31, 155	13					1		2	2
From 10,000 to 25,000 inhabit-	30, 863	11	*****			*****			1	
ants:										
Alton, Ill.	22,874	7	. 2				1			1
Ann Arbor, Mich Beaver Falls, Pa	15,010	9	*****		10		2		3	
Berlin, N. H.	13, 532 13, 599 13, 163 15, 794	9	3		*****				1	·····i
Berlin, N. H	13, 163									î
Cairo, III	15,794	4								
Coffee Ho Kons	1 13,075	1								
Concord, N. H	1 13,075 17,548 22,669	6		18					1	
Cairo, III. Clinton, Mass Coffeyville, Kans Concord, N. H. Galesburg, III. Harrison, N. J. Kearny, N. J. Kokomo, Ind. Long Branch, N. J. Marinette, Wis.	24, 276	8	3	1	7					1
Harrison, N. J.	16. 950		1		1					
Kearny, N. J.	23, 539 20, 930 15, 395				2				2	
Long Branch, N. J	15 395	7 2			2				5	
Marinette, Wis	1 14 (511)	4			-				-	
Melrose, Mass	17, 445	4			4					
Morristown, N. J.	17, 445 13, 284 23, 126 15, 243	4			1				1	
Newhiremort Mass	23, 120	6			3					
New London, Conn.	20,985	9	1		1				1	
North Adams, Mass	1 22, 019	4			14				2	
Northampton, Mass	19,926	14			2		1		2	4
Long branen, N. J. Marinette, Wis. Melrose, Mass. Morristown, N. J. Nanticoke, Pa. Newburryport, Mass. New London, Conn North Adams, Mass. Northampton, Mass. Plainfield, N. J. Pontiac, Mich. Portsmouth, N. H. Rocky Mount, N. C. Rutland, Vt. Sandusky, Ohio. Saratoga Springs, N. Y. Steelton, Fa. Wilkinsburg, Pa. Woburn, Mass.	23, 805	8								1
Portsmouth, N. H	17,524				2		1			*****
Rocky Mount, N. C.	11,666 12,067	8					1			
Rutland, Vt	14,831	4			2		1			
Sandusky, Ohio	20, 193	10					1 .			
Steelton Pa	13, 821	5 4			1				1	1
Wilkinsburg, Pa	15,548 23,228	4			4 2		1 .	*****	2	
Woburn, Mass	15,969	6			-		*****			

¹ Population Apr. 15, 1910; no estimate made.

FOREIGN.

VENEZUELA.

Mortality, 1916.

During the year 1916 there were notified in Venezuela, 66,186 deaths from all causes, including 5,132 deaths from dysentery; 2,366 from infantile tetanus; 10,442 from malarial fevers; 3,261 from pneumonia; 4,266 from pulmonary tuberculosis; and 2,149 from typhoid fever. (Population of Venezuela, 2,824,934.)

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER.

Reports Received During the Week Ended July 27, 1917.1

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Calcutta Mandalay Moulmein. Pakokku	Apr. 29-May 5 May 6-19. May 6-12. May 13-19. Apr. 29-May 5 May 6-19.		98 1 2 1 5	June 3-9, 1917: Cases, 162; Deaths
Albay. Ambos Camarines. Bohol. Capiz. Cebu Sorsogon		20 2 84 1 11 44	17 1 61 10 28	117.

PLAGUE.

Arabia: Aden	May 24-30		11	
Ceylon: Colombo	May 13-19			
India	мау 13-19		2	Mary 6 10 101". Cases 10 000.
Inqua	********	******	********	May 6-19, 1917: Cases, 10,000; deaths, 8,144.
Domain	Apr. 29-May 19		8	deaths, 8,144.
Bassein		104		
Bombay	May 13-26	164	146	
Calcutta	May 6-19		13	
Henzada	Apr. 29-May 19		13	
Karachi	May 6-26	307	285	
Madras Presidency	May 13-26	57	45	
Mandalay	Apr. 29-May 12		8	
Moulmein	Apr. 29-May 12		11	
Rangoon.	May 6-19	40	11 38	
Siam:	May 0-19	40	99	
	16 10 00			
Bangkok	May 13-26	3	2	
Union of South Africa:				
Cape of Good Hope State-				
Queenstown	June 6	1		

¹ From medical officers of the Public Health Fervice, American consuls, and other sources.

Reports Received During the Week Ended July 27, 1917—Continued.

SMALLPOX.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Brazil: Rio de Janeiro	May 6-June 16	78	16	
Nova Scotia— Halifax	July 1-7	1		
China: Amoy	May 20-26			Present.
Shanghai	June 4-10		3	Cases, foreign; deaths, native.
Tsingatao Egypt:	May 30-June 11	17	2	
Alexandria	May 14-June 10	13	1	
India:				
Bombay	May 13-26	42	16	
Calcutta	May 13-19		1	
Karachi	May 6-19	9	3	
Madras	May 13-26	26	15	
Rangoon	May 6-26	8	********	
Philippine Islands:				
Manila	June 3-9	1		Varioloid.
Portuguese East Africa:			1	
Lourenço Marquez	Mar. 1-31		1	
Russia:				
Archangel	May 1-14	7	2	
Spain:				
Valencia	June 17-23	1		
Sweden:				
Malmo	Apr. 22-28	1	********	

TYPHUS FEVER.

Egypt:			ė į	
Egypt: Alexandria Japan:	May 14-June 10	591		
Japan: Nagasaki Portuguese East Africa:	Inne 11-17	1		
Portuguese East Africa:		-		
Lourenço Marquez	Mar. 1-31		1	
Russia: Archangel	May 1-14	2		

Reports Received From June 30 to July 20, 1917.

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India: Bassein. Calcutta. Madras. Rangoon. Java: East Java. West Java. Batavia.	Apr. 22–28. Apr. 21–May 5 Apr. 2–8.	1 24 1	7 153 1 10	Apr. 13-19, 1917: 1 case.
Philippine Islands: Provinces. Albay Bohol Cebu. Sorsy al. Tayabas.	dododododododo	41 123 99 42 1	24 68 53 15	May 20-June 2, 1917: Cases, 357 deaths, 204.

Reports Received From June 30 to July 20, 1917—Continued.

PLAGUE.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Arabia:				
Aden	May 3-14		. 24	Apr. 8-May 14, 1917: Cases, 69, deaths, 51.
Colombo	Apr. 8-May 14	37	30	
Amoy	Apr. 29-May 5 May 13-26		5	Present and in vicinity.
Kwangtung Province— Ta-pu district	June 2			Present.
Egypt			*********	Jan. 1-May 17, 1917: Cases, 231
Suez Provinces—	May 12-17		2	deaths, 116.
FayoumGirgeh	May 11-17 May 17		6	
Minieh	May 12-15	2	2	
SioutGreat Britaia:	May 12	3	1	
London	May 3-8	2		2 in hospital at port. From S. S Sardinia from Australian and oriental ports.
India				Apr. 15-May 5, 1917: Cases, 26, 206
BasseinBombay	Apr. 1-21 Apr. 22-28		31 96	deaths, 21,469.
Calcutta Henzada	Apr. 29-May 5 Apr. 1-21		13 20	
Karachi	Apr. 22-May 5	229	214	
Madras Presidency Man falay.	Apr. 22-May 12 Apr. 8-14		126	
Moulmein Myingyan	Apr. 1-21 Apr. 1-7		41	
Rangoon	Apr. 15-May 5	75	72	
ToungocJava:	Apr. 8-14		2	
East Java			********	Apr. 2-22, 1917: Cases, 18; deaths,
Surabaya		13	13	18.
Peru Departments—			*******	May 16-31, 1917: Cases, 15.
Arequipa	May 16-31	4		At Mollendo. At Callao.
Callao Lambayeque	do	2	*********	At Chiclavo.
Libertad	do	7		At Salaverry, San Pedro, and Truillo.
Lima	do	1		At Lima.
Bangkok	Apr. 22-May 12	8	8	*

SMALLPOX.

Australia: New South Wales				Apr. 27-May 10, 1917: Cases, 6.
BrewarrinaQuambone	Apr. 27-May 10	4 2	*********	
Queensland— Thursday Island Quar- antine Station.	May 9	1		From s. s. St. Albans from Kobe via Hengkong. Vessel pro- ceeded to Townsville, Bris- bane, and Sydney, in quaran- tine.
Brazil: BahiaRio de JaneiroCanada:	May 6-12 May 13-26	1 35	8	Caro
Manitoba— Winnipeg Nova Scotia—	June 10-16	1		
Halifax Port Hawkesbury		2		Present in district.
Ceylon: Colombo	May 6-12	1		

Reports Received From June 30 to July 20, 1917-Continued.

SMALLPOX—Continued.

	Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
	China:				
	Amoy	Apr. 29-May 19 May 21-27			Present and in vicinity.
	Antung	May 21-27	1		Present.
	Chungking	May 6-26			Do.
	Changsha	May 27-June 2 May 13-June 2	5		
	Dairen	May 13-June 2	11	1	
	Harbin	Apr. 23-May 6	7		On Chinese Eastern Railway.
	Hongkong	May 6-26	7	6	
	Manchuria Station	Apr. 23-29	i		Do.
	Mukden	May 27-June 2			Present.
	Shanghai	May 21-June 3	8	16	Cases foreign; deaths among na
	Tientsin	May 13-26	5		tives.
	Tsitshar Station	Apr. 16-22	i		On Chinese Eastern Railway.
	Tsingtao	May 22-June 9	8	1	At another station on railway 1 case.
	Egypt: Alexandria	Apr. 30-May 27	20	6	14.7
	Germany	Арт. 30-мау 21	20		Mar. 18-Apr. 28, 1917: Cases, 71 in cities and 32 States and districts.
	Berlin	Mar 19 App 98	106		
			16		
	Bremen	do	18		
	Hamburg	do	50		1491
	Hamburg	do	20	**********	
	Leipzig. Lübeck.	do	20		
	Maniel	do	10	********	
	Munich. Stuttgart	do	1		
	India:	1 00 00	- 00	0	
	Bombay	Apr. 22-28	26		
	Calcutta	Apr. 29-May 5 Apr. 22-May 5		10	
	Karachi	Apr. 22-May 5	4	2	
	Madras	Apr. 22-May 12	30	20	
	Rangoon	Apr. 15-May 5	17	4	
	Italy:	May 21-June 3	20	8	
	Japan: Kobe		50	15	41
	Nagasaki	May 27-June 17 May 28-June 3	1		
	Osaka	May 16-June 10	161	55	
	Yokohama	May 27-June 1		1	
1	Java:	and ar sum in			
	East Java	Apr. 2-29	11	1	
	Mid-Java	Apr. 1-21	16		
	West JavaBatavia	Apr. 13-May 3	11	2	Apr. 13-May 10, 1917: Cases, 46 deaths, 7.
-	Mexico: Mexico City	June 3-16	95		
	Monterey	June 18-24		24	
	Philippine Islands: Manila	May 13-19	5		Varioloid.
200	Portugal: Lisbon	May 13-26	4		
1	Russia:				
	Petrograd	Feb. 18-Mar. 10	186		
	Riga Vladivostok	Mar. 11-May 5 Mar. 15-21	23	7	Jan. 1-31, 1917; Casas, 7.
1	Spain:				
	Madrid	May 1-31,		3	
	Seville	do		5	
	Valencia	June 3-16	2		
1	Straits Settlements:	June 3-10	-		
1		Mar. 18-May 12	5	2	
	Penang	Mai. 10-May 12		-	
	Sweden: Stockholm	May 20-26	1		
	l'unisia: Tunis	June 2-8	2		
	Turkey in Asia:			15	
	Trobizond				
	Trebizond Union of South Africa: Johannesburg	Feb. 25-Apr. 13 Mar. 12-24	4	-	

Reports Received From June 30 to July 20, 1917—Continued.

TYPHUS FEVER.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Austria-Hungary: Austria, arg. Bohemia. Galicia Lower Austria.	do	634 809 47 617		Oct. 22-Dec. 17, 1917: Cases, 2,371.
Moravia. Silesia. Styria. Upper Austria. Hungary. Budapest.	do	16 243 5		Feb. 19-Mar. 25, 1917: Cases, 1,381.
Revnt:	May 30-June 9	2		
Alexandria	Apr. 30-May 27 May 13-19	830	232 15	*
West Java	Apr. 1-30 Apr. 13-May 10	7	2	Apr. 13-May 10, 1917: Cases, 36.
Mexico: Mexico City	June 3-16	193		
Riga	Feb. 18-Mar. 10 Jan. 1-31 Mar. 29-May 21	16 1 5	3	
Spain:	May 1-31	*****	2	
	YELLOW	FEVE	R.	•
Mexico:			- 10	
Yucatan, State— Peto	June 23	1	1	In person recently arrived from Mexico City.